WE MANUFACE I TENTH FALLA

....JANUARY 21

and Blank Books manufactured at short notice and at war prices. The Flaht in Kentucky. We have additional particulars to-day of the fight near Somerset, Ky., on Sunday last. As far as beard from it was a brilliant vic-

tory for our troops. We trust it will not turn out as did the celebrated victory at Piketon, some months since. The death of Zollicoffer and the utter deteat of his forces is generally credited. A few days will give us the particulars of the fight. Don't He Too Sure.

The papers are becoming filled with assurances from "distinguished sources" that the rebel armies are about to be annihilated by the immense preparations and masterly strategy of General McClellan; that the most perfect success is entirely certain, beyond the possibility of a failure, &c. It is anwise to brag so much beforehand. We overdid the thirg just before Manassas. Now let us wait and do the bragging afterward, if we have occasion, as we hope and believe we shall. If we do not have such occason, we shall not feel or appear so foolish.

The Expedition from Caire.

Much was expected from the expedition which recently left Cairo, as was stated, for the Tennessee River. But it has returned without apparently effecting any thing, but from unmistakable information all that was intended has been accomplished. The objects in view appear to have been three-fold. viz: preventing reinforcements being sent to Bowling Green; to accustom the troops to march and field life, and to obtain a thorough topographical knowledge by reconnoissance in force of a country soon to be the field of action for the grand army. All the troops, except General McClernand's column, which has arrived at Fort Jefferson, are back in their old quarters.

The Campaign.

The Boston Journal thinks it is about time to have done with the small talk about catching the rebels in a "trap," and apringing upon them some nicely adjusted scheme which shall finish the rebeilion at a blow. We have heard about these "traps," set by this, that and the other commander, ever since the war began, but they do not appear to have amounted to much thus far. The truth is, the rebellion is to be subdued only by hard, persistent fighting, and the value of strategy lies in enabling us to take up the task at the right end, and to make the most of our power. It will basten the arduous process, but will not supersede it. The rebel army is managed by cool heads, and they are not to be daunted by any demonstrations which are not backed up by overwhelming force, driven or about to be driven home. Thus when the forts of Port Royal were taken, and a shudder of dismay undoubtedly ran through the South, not a man was allowed to go from the rebel army of the Potomac. They had fixed upon their policy, and they were not to be driven from it till they knew for what.

Their policy is still adhered to. It is a rigidly defensive policy in the present stage of the war. The rebels expect to be invaded, and they are bending all their energies to the work of making the invasion as dear to the Government as possible. It is our true policy to decoy the enemy into the interior, and then to cut them off, as were Braddock, and Burgovne, and Cornwallia. and Ross, and Packenham, and our own troops in the everglades of Florida. They declare they will never fight except "when there is an advantage over the enemy,' will choose their own positions, and in retreating will leave no supplies behind them: thus counting upon wearing out the patience of the North with a war of tremendous expense and little apparent progress. If we were not interested in the matter-if the case occurred in China or India-we should all say that this was the proper strategy for

the rebels to pursue.

It only remains to consider whether there is a better policy open to the Government. We believe there is, and that it has been adopted, and that it is on the point of being put into successful operation. It is true, as the rebels assume, that we must invade their domains-but it is not true that they can realize their idea of a defensive policy. With the complicated wants of modern society, it is now utterly impossible to resolve war into a general guerrilla contest, indefinitely protracted, as was done by the Seminole Indians, or more recently by Schamyl in the mountains of Caucasus. All the late wars among civilized nations have been decided at a few points by a few battles. In spite of themselves, the rebels are conforming to the same law, as they have thrown forward nearly all their defensive strength at three points, viz: Manassas, Bowling Green and Columbus, If they are defeated there, or compelled to desert all the laboriously prepared advantages of those positions for the open country, they are beaten, and Secession is swallowed up in Union. They may talk about their last drop of blood, and fighting their ground inch by inch-it is all nonsense on the part of the leaders, and if they don't know it, the mass of the Southern people, who have had a chance to compare twelve months of rebel rule with the remainder of a lifetime under the Constitution, will give them the requisite and summary instruction.

Now, by virtue of superior numbers, the entire water front of the rebel domains, and the interior structure of the country, the Union army is master of the situation. We can outnumber the rebels at any given point, and effect our general movements quicker than they. The single advantage of particular fortifications, which they have gained by the lapse of time necessary for our preparations, will be neutralized by our capacity to cut off their supplies. Thus the rebel army of the Potomac, which would eat Virginia out of house and home in a single week, is wholly dependent upon two lines of railroad - the southern seaboard road from Richmond, and the Tennessee road along the base of the Blue Ridge Mountains. Neither of these is more than one hundred miles from loyal soil or the free ocean, and they both run through a rebel tract not much more than three hundred miles wide. If they are both grasped, as they soon will be, the rebel army at Centerville and Manassas con not remain at ease in its intronchments. Is must break up and | caught in like manner.

burry South, or suffer a fight at decided | disadvantage, or in its despair attempt som more suicidal act. The same hard condi tions beset the rebel forces at Bowling Green and at Columbus. There is no necessity of relying solely upon a front attack at either place, as each can be turned, isolated and unhinged by skillful movements. But with regard to all-and hence with regard to the rebellion-there must be real, effective movements, and somewhere desperate fighting. The thing can not be worked out on paper, or helped by bragging. We shall probably fail in some particulars, and shall not always be victorious, but we shall surely conquer in the main and wholly succeed at last. We believe, too, that we shall begin the good process very soon. It may be that

the recent brilliant success near Somerset is

the real beginning of the end. Plan for Raising Money. The financial necessities of the National and State Governments are greatly exercising the invention of political economists upon expedients for raising money. This pressure of the times must be met in some way or other, and that right speedily. Certain prejudices, old customs, and even cherished institutions and State laws, will doubtless have to give way before the urgency of the occasion. As a proof of this, we see it stated in the Newburyport Herald that they are already proposing to repeal the liquor law of Massachusetts, and go back to the license system. The intention is to allow the privilege of selling, subject to a heavy fee for a license. It is believed that this measure will insure an important revenue to the public Treasury, while, if properly guarded, the actual sale and consumption of ardent spirits will not be much greater, nor as mischievous, as it has been under a positively prohibitory law.

INTELLIGENCE from Port Royal to the 8th instant, states that the number of rebels killed at the Coosaw River skirmish is reported by the "contrabanda" to be about two hundred; the number of Union soldiers killed was three. A correspondent of the New York Tribune writes that "at a point not far distant from Port Royal, not less than three hundred slaves are under arms, organized and officered mainly by whites, and ferming a part of the regular force under command of the General of that Department, They are treated very much like whitesthat is, like the common white soldiers-for whom South Carolina aristocracy has little more respect than for the blacks. Other companies were forming, in which the proportion of black officers was considerably arger.

THE New York Tribune, in giving the causes for Secretary Camerou's resignation, says he was surrounded by very unprofitable friends, and "pressed upon by troops of noisy well-wishers, who would have scorned the idea of selling their God for thirty pieces of silver so long as there was the faintest hope of making it forty."

A MUSERAT IN A GAS PIPS .- A muskrat threw the whole community of Winstead, Connecticut, into commotion lately, by get-ting into the main gas pipe of that village, and obstructing the flow of the gas.

Some kind of an animal must get into the gas pipes of this city occasionally, judging by the odor of the gas.

It is stated that General Buel recently said "None of my officers shall attempt to tell the people what the war is about. I myself don't know what it is about. I only know that it is my duty to whip the enemy."

Cassius M. Clay has been confirmed as a Major-General and Abner Doubleday as a Brigadier General.

Washington Items.

A BULLET-PROOF VEST. A board of officers, composed of Generals Meigs, Porter, Stoneman, and Colonels Sib-ley and Kingsbury, met to-day to test the merits of a bullet-proof vest, presented by J. F. Knott, of New York. The test proved eminently successful. The vest resisted pistol bulls fired at 14 paces. The Board will make further tests to-morrow, with Springfield rifies.

THE VOTE ON THE CONFIRMATION. The following was the vote on the nomina-

tion of Mr. Cameron: Ayes-Messrs, Anthony, Browning, Car-lisle, Chandler, Collamer, Cowan, Dixon, Doolittle, Fessenden, Foote, Harlan, Harris, Doolttle, Fessenden, Foote, Harian, Harris, Howe, King, Lane of Indiana, Lane of Kansas, Latham, Morrill, Pomeroy, Saulsbury, Sherman, Simmons, Sumner, Tea Eyck, Thompson, Wade, Wilson, Wilmot-28.

Nays—Messrs, Bright, Clark, Foster, Grimes, Hale, A. Johnson, Kennedy, McDongai, Nesmith, Pearce, Powell, Rice, Translull, Wilkinson-14.

Trumbull, Wilkinson rumbull, Wilkinson-14.
Absent-Bayard, W. Johnson, Willey-3. Last evening a man barefoot, in his shirtsleeves, and delirious with the small pox, was found wandering about the streets near

the Capital The city is again full of rumors in regard to changes in the Cabinet, but it is very evident, from circumstances, that no further resignations will take place unless some untoward event happens. There is a general outside clamor against Secretary Welles, but it comes mostly from disappointed politician:

There is no denying the fact that the capitalists of New York exercise a great influence over the affairs of the Government. Whether it is a wholesome one or not, time will develop.

There is a great lack of small silver change here. Some of the large dry goods stores refuse to give change for five-dollar treasury-notes unless over two dollars, worth of articles are purchased. To remedy, in part, this inconvenience, there is some serious talk of demanding the issue of one-dollar notes.

FROM WASHINGTON,-The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Clipper of the

The report that Mr. Secretary Welles is to yield the Navy Department to General Banks, does not seem to have any good foundation. Mr. Welles himself has, at least, had no intimation of such an arrangement. With respect to Mr. Chase, it is said that if it can be done without detriment to the public service, he would like to hand over to some competent hand the vast weight of duty which the control of the Treasury Department of United States now necessarily involves. such case it is thought not improbable that Mr. Chase would follow Mr. Wade, as Sena-tor from Ohio. It is understood that the appointment made by the President, in the interval of Congress, of Dawson, of the Fort Wayne Times, to the Governorship of the Territory of Utah, has been unanimously reported against by the Senate committee

SPECULATORS NICELY CAUGHT .- Whisky is great article, alike useful and destructive About a week since, the genuine article, made of corn and rye, was sold at twentyone cents a gailon. Speculators saw an ele-phant in the distance, in the shape of an excise duty, to be levied at once by Congress. Accordingly they stepped in and swept the market of all they could get. The price rapidly advanced to twenty eight cents, but as suddenly relapsed to twenty-three and twenty five cents.—Philadelphia Press.

We believe some parties in this city were

The Argument for Energetic Action by the Army.

One of the great arguments in favor of the most energetic prosecution of the war, and one we have cause to believe which acts upon those in command of the army, is the enormous cost with which it is waged. In other countries the army is a profession that either brings its own reward, or is entered both by officer and private as a means of providing occupation and support. The rank and file look for nothing beyond. The pay of the French soldier is fifty-six cents per month, but as his profession secures him degree of consideration and respect, he is content. He might not be able to better his condition if he would. His relation to the Government is a much closer one than pre-

vails in this country.

In most European countries, Governments maintain the right to a certain portion of the time of their subjects for military pur-poses. With us, Government asserts no such prerogative, and must pay for whatever servces it receives at their worth to the party rendering them. And this is necessarily a high rate, so any soldier in the army can, with \$100, become the owner of 160 acres of fertile hand, from the cultivation of which he can, with ordinary theilt, soon raise himself to a comfortable independence. To make up our armies we must offer wages so high as to tempt the workingman to forego this privilege, or wages which, in the course of a year, should be then get his discharge, will give him a sum sufficient to start him in the world, and make him the owner of a farm. In times past the army has cost this country, on an average, \$1,000 annually per man, rank and file. We are now getting along at a lower rate. If we have 660,000 men in the field, we are spending at the rate of \$060, 000,000 annually, for the army alone. We must add \$150,000,000 more for the navy, coest defenses and the civil list. It is clear

that we can not long wage war at such cost. The French Budget for 1869 was 345,000,000 france, or \$65,000,000 for a force on a war footing of 750,000 men, and in addition a reserve on a peace footing of 415,000 men. But such an expenditure has brought the But such an expenditure has bloomy. We are Emperor to his wits' end for money. We are a richer people, but from the great diffusion of our people over a wide territory, we may not be so well able to pay a larger sum per head to the support of Government. Our armies have rushed into the field. With all that has been borrowed, the floating debt of Government to day probably equals \$100,000,000 and is still running on at a rapid rate. We can pay for the present. But it is evident that we can not indefinitely prolong the war. We shall, if continued long, sink under the exhaustion. But this need not, and we trust will not, be. We are assured of a movement in every direction, and we are confident that complete success will follow whenever and wherever it is made -N. Y.

Swindling the Government

Mr. Dawes, a member of Congress from Massachusetts, in a speech on army franks, in which he magnifies evils that are bad enough, in all conscience, without exaggerating them, told some plain, bold truths, among which is the following:

"A regiment of cavalry lately reached Louisville, one thousand strong, and the board of army officers there, appointed for the purpose, have condemned four hundred and eighly-five out of the thousand horses as utterly worthless. The man who exam-

ebrate his marriage. The Mayor refused point blank, on the ground that being in boly orders is a disability for the contrac-tion of matrimony. M. Bron, in reply, re-quested the Mayor to inform him what law he relied on to justify his refusal, and, as the perplexed functionary hunted in vain through the Code Napoleon, informed him that as price's enjoyed the same privileges as other French citizens, there was no rea-son for supposing that they were to be debarred from marrylog, if they thought proper. The Mayor, however, still refused to perform the marriage ceremony. M. Bron is bringing an action against him to compel im to do so. His case is in the hands of

PLENTY OF CORN.—The quantity of corn ow in the country is enormous. Wherever now in the country is enormous. Wherever you go, immense bins of old and new corn are seen, and there they are likely to remain, unless corn brings more than ten cents

a bushel, the present price.

Last week, Campbell bought of Mr. Spencer, who resides some tweive miles north of here, twenty thousand bushe's, this being the extent of Mr. Spencer's "pile." This is a rice little bunch of corn for one man to raise, and would make the eyes of the "Down Easters' stick out a feet or more. Others, round Others, round here, have piles as large as Mr. Spencer's, Mr. Royce Allen, of Munson, has salted away more than twenty thousand bushels. We might mention others who have some corn, but won't now, for fear they will complain of us for exposing their poverty. - General (III.) Republic.

Mose Romance.—Between one and two o'clock this morning Officer Junot found a rather good looking fellow wandering about the streets; said his name was Frank Hall, from Gallia County, Ohio, but last from Portsmouth, Scioto County, which place he left last Monday, to act as teamster to an Obio regiment, but did not serve because he would not be sworn for three years; said he was eighteen years old. Officer Junot's sus-picions were aroused, and by close questioning, learned that Frank Hall was a rather good looking young woman with her hair cut off, and dressed in male appare!—her name is Mary Frances Hall. She has been committed to the calaboose till some arrangement can be made to send her to her friends .-Louisville Democrat.

A physician who practices medicine and some other things in New York, was cow-hided a chort time since by a gentleman whose wife the doctor attempted to kiss, against her will, while on a professional visit to the house. The incensed husband, in treating the case, went in for the strongest kind of old-school practice, and scorified, and excoriated, and phiebotomized his patient to the last degree.

A Washington letter writer says: It is generally believed that Mr. Cameron's retirement from the Cabinet was caused mainly by declarations of prominent capitalists of a want of confidence in his administration of the War Department. The same cause may effect the retirement of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the appointment of James Gallatin or John A. Dix, of New York, in his place.

A Boston paper has this paragraph: A much esteemed Doctor of Divinity preached on Sunday afternoon last to a congregation of seventeen persons, seven or whom were paid for attending, namely, the sexton, organ-blower, organist and quartette choir. Strange to say, that, among the actual worshipers, there were seven men to three women.

The city government of Bangor has de-sided to furnish no further supplies to the families of such soldiers who refuse to allow at least \$10 per mouth of their pay toward

VARIETIES.

Columbus Delano, of Mount Vernon, has been continued by Governor Tod in the office of Commissary-General. The War Department has given authority for the enlistment of warriors among the

Seneca Indians of New York. A Western paper calls Rev. Owen Lovejoy an "ses-toot Congressman."

The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that tess on shipboard prior to the passage of the last tariff bill in August, are entitled to enter under the old duties. This is an important decision, involving a large amount. Hired negroes bring masters only \$40 or \$50 a year in North Carolina, and barely their board in South Carolina.

The recent big flood in California, among other minor things, drowned upward of one hundred Chinamen. Other Celestials were washed by the swollen waters for the first time in their lives.

The Government advertising has been taken from the St. Paul Press (Rep.) and given to the Pioneer (Dem).

FEMALE PALL BEARES -At the late for peral of the wife of Rev. Josian Brewer, in Stockbridge, the coffin was borne upon a bier by eight women, all of whom were relatives of the deceased.

The Washington correspondent of the Boston Journal says that "a Massachusetts Colonel was attacked on Thursday night by a fit of imaginary rattle-makes in his boots, and had his sword taken from him on Friday.

Davis W. Cheek, of Lawrenceburg, has seen appointed a Captain in the regular SIEY.

The troops at Paducah have not been paid since August. The Paymaster is a myth in It is ascertained that one-third of all the

sorses purchased for the Government are diseased or condemned. It is said that it is the intention of the

Government to quarter prisoners of war at Indianapolis.

The small-pox is reported prevalent at Jeffersonville, Ind. CAN IT BE POSSIBLE?-The Washington correspondent of the Indianapolis Scatines esys: "I learn that there is a deficit in the War Department of one hundred and eighty-

nine millions dollars (\$189,000,000),

Blair is given as authority for the statement. QUESTION FOR A DEBATING SOCIETY .- Lord Palmeraton being forty years beyond his prime, can be properly be called a prime

Are there any reasons in the history of England why that country should be cau-tions about making war upon us? Yes, 1776 reasons in one place, and 1812 reasons apother.

How a Rebel Sympathizer was Trapped. A Cairo correspondent of the Missouri Re-

publican says: A rather amusing circumstance happend at Caledonia, where Capt Fullerton's company is stationed. A very respectable old gentleman, holding a high office in the county, has long been suspected of Secession
the purpose, have condemned four bundred
and eighty-fire out of the thousand horses
as utterily worthless. The man who examiined these horses declared, upon his oath,
that there was not one of them that was
worth \$20. They were bind, spaying
ing-boned; afflicied with the heaves, with
the glanders, and with every disease that
horse-fliesh is heir to. These four hundred
and eighty fire horses cost the government,
before they were mustered into the service,
\$50,200, besides more than an additional
\$1,000 to transport them from Pennsy ivanis
to Louisville, where they were condemned
and cast off. They belonged to Colonel
Williams' regiment of cavalry, and they
were purchased in Pennsylvania, from which
State they were forwarded to Louisville,
where they were condemned."

A very interesting case, involving the celibbery of the Roman Catholic priesthood, is
about to be tried before a provincial tribunal in France. A little time sgo M. Bron
de Lausiere, formerly incambent in the commune of Cendifiers, in Perigord, appeared
before the Mayor, and requested him to celelbrate his marriage. The Mayor refused
point blank, on the ground that being in

county, has long sue as determined to try
was determined to twas was to the company dressed for the sught and saked for "as
stance." He was gruffly told that he could
get no money or any thing clies; but after
"A was absolutely necessary
for him to cross the river that
nors-flesh is heir to. These four hundred
and eighty five horses cost the government,
before they were mustered into the service,
\$50,200, besides more than an additional
\$1,000 to transport them from Pennsy twain
to Louisville, where they were condemned
and cast off. They belonged to Colonel
Williams' regiment of cavalry, and they
were purchased in Pennsylvania, from which
State they were forwarded to Louisville,
where they were forwarded to Louisville,
where they were forwarded to Louisville,
where they were condemned."

A very interesting case, involving th county, has long been suspected of Secession sympathies, and it was determined to try and promising to abstain from similar acts in future.

RELIEF OF THE COTTON PLANTERS,-The New Orleans Price Current says:

There is an undisquised feeling of apprehension pervading the community as to the course that may be taken by our Legislature. All feel that the fortunes of the people of the State for weal or woe in respect to financial affairs for many years to come, depend upon the action of that body, and it is earnestly hoped, therefore, that great caution will be used as to the measures that may finally be adopted. It is the universal opinion among interligent men, as far as we can learn, that the passing of such a bill by the Legislature as the one presented to them under the title of "an act for the relief of the cotton planters of the State of Louisiana," will, in the end, be productive of great and irreparable evils, not only to one, but to every department of it dustry throughout the State, and our own experience in early manhood of the blesting effects of State loan offices, causes us to look upon the passage of such a bill as the one referred to with dismay. The Leg islature has taken a recess until the 6 h of January, and it is well, probably, that it is so, as the members will thereby be afforded a little more time for cool reflection, and an opportunity also of consulting with their constituents, and learning their views on this most important matter.

Office Serres in Washington. — A Washington correspondent of the Green Bay Advocate says the army of office seekers exceeds the army of the Potomac; and that they have got so in the habit of feaving their horels without paying their bills, that now each article of baggage, be it trunk, valise or carpet bag, is secured to a rack in the baggage room, by lock and chain.

HOME INTEREST.

ME A. A. Eysvan, Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, No. 271 Central-avenue. Cash for old Gold and

MARRIED. ACHART-AMEL. On lord's Day evening, Jan.
19, by hider Wm. P. Stratton, at his residence, No.
261 West Fighthest, Mr. David R. Achast and Miss
Nancy J. Amel, all of Cincinnati, Ohio.
FRAKEB-GBABHAM.-January 70, by the Rev.
Mr. Mitchell, Lieut. Thomas France, of the First
Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, to Miss Mary Jane
Grabham, all of this city.

DIED. PATTISON,—January i5, at Camp Famins, near Prevville, Mo., after an ill-ess of three days, of eagestion of the brain and lungs, isobert R. Patti-on, elect son of Colonel Thomas Pattison, of the Infreect Indiana Engiment, aged nineteen years, bree months and twenty days. (COPER. - January 20, of erysipelas, Alice Mary, infant daughter of Bobert A. and Selina Cooper, aged forty-two days.

SPECIAL NOTICES. CHUECH, Seventhet, between Lian and Cutter, - Estigious Services will be beid in this thurch EACH EVENING of this week. THIS EVENING there will be an address by the Pastor "To Christian Parients and the Children of such."

The public are favited.

1. O. R. M. THE MEMBERS OF MIAMI TRIBE, No. 1, are hereby notined to attend a Regular Council Fire of the Tribe on this (rist) aleap, cold moon, G. S. 5,522, at the 7th run, for the consideration of important by-laws and capture of pale-faces. By other, a. W. BLACKALL, C. of Rec.

The Mount Auburn Institute for Voung Ladies,
Will Commerce The 12TH
(Spring) Session on MONDAY, February
J. For catalogues or information apply to
H. THANE MILLER, President,
Or J. H. WHITE, 3' West Venights freet.
[Daile-WaStw]

FEMALE PHYSICIAN. - SI ES.

KING, S. D., offers her services as Physician and Accounchaur. Patients boarded, if required sessioned, self-services, between Joint and Outlot.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BEFORE WILLIAM ROBINSON, J. P. Byringfield Township, Hamilton County, Ohio A. a Carcy and Anna Carry, the wife, vs. J. B. Wert, a Carcy and Anna Carry, the wife, vs. J. B. Wert, and J. W. Williams, and Juntion issued an Order of Attachment in the above action for the sun of \$55, 40, and that the trial is not for the itih day of March, 1802, at 10° clock A. M. March, 1802, at 10° clock A. M. January D., 1861.

A CARD.

CINCINNATI, JOHNARY 17, 1852, CINCINNATI, January 17, 1833.

W. GUEST, ESQ.-DEAR SIM: SQ.

well impressed are we with your capacity
and merite as a theatrical manager, as one wan bas
next assiduously labored, and, considering the
fromblous times, with fair success, in producing five
be enjoyment of our citizens the legitimate drams,
hat we think some demonstration of public regard
and appreciation should be extended to you. If a
middle benefit will meet with your approbation,
dease advice us, and name the time and place, and
over fellow citizens, with your undersigned friends,
will take special pleasure in tendering the same
of you.

Wm. Sickles,
J. H. Detera,
H. H. Breneman,
John Church, Jr.
A. H. Colt,
W. Wiswell,
C. Bates,
George Selves,
H. W. Jonns,
J. H. Vinton,
George Wood,
Chas. W. Durr,
A. C. Peters,
C. W. Doinnd,
Chas. Geosage,
Chas. Geosage, Or Kautman, C. M. Murch, G. W. Wiswell, Wm. Fenwics, D. E. Sate, Jr., Dr J. t. Vattier, S. Wilson, D. Mason, Dr. m. Dr. m. Dr. m. Georg James Ejchardson, Georg Aifred Barnett.

OPERA-HOUSE, CINCINNATI, Jan. 18, 1812.

The Rev. C. M Butler, D. D. I ate of Washington City,

Will Lecture At Smith & Nixon's Hall, Thursday Evening, January 23, at 7 1-2 o'clock.

SUBJECT. SKETCHES OF WASHINGTON CITY DUBING THE BEBELLION.

M. HOLLINGSHEAD

GENERAL AGENT, 77 West Third-st. STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE NEW ENGLAND FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Bartford, Connecticut, og the let day, of Janusys, 1852, mede to the Auditor of Ohio, pursuant to the Statute of that Sie's, estilled "Al Act to regulate (usurance Comprises on incorporated by the State of Ohio," pessed April 5, 1856.

1, the same of the Company is the "New England Fire and Marine Iraniance Company of Hartford," and is located in Hartford, Connecticut, 2. The amount of its Capital Stock is., \$200,000 60 5, The amount of its Capital Stock paid

The ASSETS of the Company are at follows: Not injurious to the teeth or health-not disagree-

Manufacturers' Bank 2,000 2,800 00 5 shares Rockville 1,500 1,500 00

Debts due the Contrary secured by marriages of Beal Estate... \$31,404 35 Debts due the Company recured by pirdge of Bank Stock........ 10,771 50

Deb's for Premiums, none All other securities, including Balances, \$14,190 71 Accrued Interests, &:he LIABILITIES of the Company are as follows:

The amount of Habilities due or not due to Banks or other creditors by the Company, none.

a Lorer adjusted and rother, none.

Lorer adjusted and not due, none.

Loser adjusted and not due, none.

Loser adjusted and not due, none.

Loser adjusted and not due, none.

All other claims against the Company consist of miscellane was office expenses.

11. The greatest amount insured by any one risk, accept in a few special chees, is \$5.000.

12. The amount insured in a yone city, town or illings, depends upon its size, and how built.

13. The greatest amount allowed to be insured in any one block depends up in it size and constructive, sirject, the above rules.

14. No part of its capital or earnings on special leps still only State. tep sit in any State

15. The Act of Incorporation as filed in 1839.

N. M. WATERMAN, President.

GEO. D. JEWETT, Secretary.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT. SS.

COUNTY OF HARTFORD JANUARY S, A. D. 1802.

Personally appeared, N. M. WAYARMAN, Provident, and GEO. D. Jawatt. Secretary, of the New England Fire and Marina Insurance Company, of England Fire and Particular Company, of England Fire Company, of the Peace, Chab. E. Chapman, Justice of the Peace. STATE OF CONNECTICUE, SS.

COUNTY OF HARTFORD,

COUNTY OF HARTFORD,

I. CHAUNCEY HOWARD, CISTR Of said Court, within and for said courty (said Court being a Court of Second), do hereby certify that I have examined the Stocks, Bonds, &c. belonging to the "New Ergland Fire and Marine Lisurance Company," as set forth in the accompanying sistement, and find the same to be correct, and

I do size further certify that I believe the Assets of the Company to be of the full value therein stated.

In testimany whereof, I do hereto subscribe my name, and affix the seal of said Court, this seventh day of January, 1862.

CHAUNCEY HOWABD.

Clork of the Superior Court.

It is bereby certified that the foregoing is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the "New England Fire and Marine Insurance Company," of Hartford, made to this office, for the year 1802 and now on file herein.

Witness my tand and seal officially

B. W. TAYLEB, Auditor of State.

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY. (To expire on the 31st day of January, 1883.)

WHEREAS, The NEW ENGLAND FIRE AND IABLINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Decated a MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, located as Hartford, in the State of Connecticut. has filed it this office a sworm statement of its condition, as requires by the first section of the act "To regulat featurance Companies and incorporated by the State of Ohio," passed April 8, 1985; and, Whitheas, said Company has furnished the undernighed satisfactor; evidence that it is possessed of at least One Hing dred Thousand Dollars of actual Capital, invested it stecks, or in honds, or in mortgages of real estate worth double the ameunt for which the same is mortgaged; and, Whitheas, and Company ha filed in this office a written statement under its component of the same in the statement and Sucretary thereof, authorizing any again or agents of asia.

pleads seed, signed by the Freedont and Secretary thereet, authorizing any agent or agents of anid Company in this State, to acknowledge survice of process, for and to behalf of said Company, consenting that such service of process shall be taken and held to be as valid as if served upon the Company, according to the laws of this rawy other State, and waiving all claim or right of error by reason of such acknowledgement of service.

Sons, Therefore, in pursuance of the first section of the alonesaid set. I. ROBERT W. TAYLER, Anditor of State for the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that said New ENGLAND FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, eartherized to transact the business of Fire and Marine Insurance in this State until the thirty-first day of January, in the year one thousand eight bundred and sixty-three.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and caused the seal of my office real. It is be affixed, the day and year above written.

DOUR HON AND RVE WHISKY, OLD BENNESSY BRANDY, &c., just received no bris, pure Bourbon, very choice, I years old; 256 "pure Bourbon, very choice, S years old; 250 pure Bourbon, very choice, 2 years old; 250 pure Bourbon, very choice, 2 years old; 300 pure Bourbon, very choice, 1 year old; 10 quarter-casks Old Hennessy Brandy, 1842; 250 cases Champaigne Heidsick; 250 cases Champaigne Heidsick; 100 bris, Old Sye Whisky, 5 years old, very sale by Mattons Passage Summitted Grammors at

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ABEL'S American Rheumatic Liniment. THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS LINIMENT will guarantee that it will cure shoumatism and Sprains. If it does not, the morey will
be refunded in all cases if introduced into the
army, where so much suffering now exists, it would
cause thousands to rejoice in a speedy cure. Try it
once For sale at the Gift English house, sixth and
'the six, and at No. 65 Richmond stree, near
M-und. ja20.x*

Col. Lew. Campbell's

SIXTY-NINTH OHIO LIEUTENANTS ELSTNER AND POW-erits for colonel Campbell's Bixty-ninth Chio Regiment, which new contains for men. This the fest opportunity that can be had for entering this exoclient compand. OFFICE 39 SIXTH-STREET, between Walnut and Vine.

GEORGE B. ELSTNER, WM. A. POWELL, Becruiting Officers. Notice to Bedstead Manufac-

turers and Upholsterers. HAMILTON COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE, CINCINNATI, JANUARY 17, 1862. CINCINATI, January 17, 1862.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE REceived at the Anditor's Office of framition County, thio, until noon of FBIDAY. February 7, 1862,
for finishing the New Jall with 100 from Bedstead,
according to specifications and sample exhibited at
Court have Contribuse.

Also, for furnishing 160 Mattresses, Comforts and Pillows—according to plans and specifications for same. By order of Commissioners.

Wit, WARD.

a Auditer Hamilton County, Ohio.

Coall Coall Coall Genuine Youghiogheny

and Peach Orchard

COALS, JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE AT

103 EAST THIRD-ST. Crders solicited and promptly filled, jaio-f W. M. HUBBELL, Sec.

THE CINCINNATI FUEL COMPANYS COAL-YARD AND OFFICE,

No. 103 E. THIRD-STREET Youghiogheny, Peach Orchard and

Eartford City Coal

Delivered at the lowest market rates, on Urasrs selletted and promptly executed.

TOOTHACHE Cured in FIVE MINUTES by using OUR T. A. DROPS.

able to use. ## Crders by mail promptly attended to. DAVIDSON & BRO., Druggists, (Successors to G. M. Dixon,)
jai7 Market place, N. E. cer, Fifth and Main sta

HOOP-SKIRTS.

LANIES, BUY YOUR SKIRTS WITH-Queen City Hoop-skirt Manufactory. Every hoop sewed to each row of tape the whole ength of the skirt, to prevents alipping.

T. WHITMORE & CO.,

B. W. corner Fourth-street and Central-av.

ONE BOAT LOAD "RYAN" CANNEL 16 CENTS PER BUSHEL.

Hartford City, Syracuse and Youghiogheny At lowest market rates - corner Third and John-sts. WILLIAM CHURCH. JA16-TF

Latest and Most Important Information. ALL SHOULD ENOW IT.

LOOK HERF, MY WORTHY FRIENDS, Look out cast aside your nice soft Hals, because they are drivy and out of condition. Take them to WINTER, the noted Hat Benovator, who will make them as clean and bright as a new dollar, a dye them a jet black. So bring them along at No 267 Eighth-st, where all work is finished in th neatest manuer and lowest price.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH, IN PEACE OR WAR. Dr. John Kiersted's Celebrated German Salve,

A SPEIDY AND EFFECTUAL CURE for Caked, Broken and Inflamed Breasts, Burns, Scalds Cuts, Fresh Wounds and Bruisses, Fever Sores, Boils, Carbuncles, White Swellings, Felons or Whillow and Tumors; and will also be found very efficacious in the cure of Neuralgia, Sore Eyes, Tytier, Corns, Faceache, and all other kinds of Inflammatory swellings.

H. C. CADY, Sole Agent. DEPOT-NORTH-EAST CORNER FIFTH AND WALNUT STS , CINCINNATI, OHIO. N B -- A box sent to any address, pre-paid, on receipt of the price. 25 cents.

CAVALRY FLYING ARTILLERY IN THE REGULAR ARMY.

TERM OF ENLISTMENT......THESE TEARS. CLOTHES, BOARD AND LODGING
furnibled at the Recruiting Office laimediately after enlistment. For particulars, apply a the Recruiting Rendezvous, No. 139 Sycamore at Branch office, No. 493 Vinc. st.
ROB'T S. SMITH, Lieut. 2d U. B. Cavalry, jail-tif Recruiting Officer.

IN ATTACHMENT-BEFORE C. F.
HANNELMANN, a Justice of the Peace of Cheimati, Township, Hamilton County, Orlic, J.,
Chas. Wells vs. William Jones—On the 2d day of December, 1861, said Justice issued as order of atschment in the above cause, against the proporty of said defendant, for the sum of thirty-sink delars and ninety-four cents (83) 49), and said cause is set for hearing on the 19th day of January. A. D.
1872. Dated December 9, 1861.

COFFEE - .000 BAGS EIO COFFEE, fair to choice; 200 bigs Laguayra Coffee; 300 pockets Java Coffee. In store and for sale by JAMES A FRAZUE & OU., jail 66 and 68 Walnut-st,

SUGARN. - 680 BARRELS ORUSHED,
Fowdered, Granulated and Coffee Sugars; 250
hhda R. O. and Cuba Sugars. In store and for sale
by
JAS. A. FBAZER & CO.
jel3 66 and 68 Walnut st. BATHING-ROOMS AND GYMNASIUM

Apply to L. NORTON, Secretary, at the Lef p. Bank or at the Gymnasium.



A DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF T ARMY CONTRACTS.

Army Stores.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED (PROM GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES ONLY UNITED M., 22d January, 1872, marked "Proposals to be epened 23d January, 1872, marked "Proposals to be epened 23d January, 1872, "for the compily and deliv-gry, free of all charge, at Camp Dennison, Ohio, of Mess Beef, full weight, in barrels, As may be required by the Assistant Commissary of Subsistence stationed there, from time to time, in monthly deliveries. Said bids, when ac epied, will form the basis of a written contract, with two good cureties, and bond sufficient to indemnify the United States against less. Said contract to take effect on the 22d January, 1822, and to continue in force until the 14th March, 1822, subject to the approval of the Commissary General of Subsistence. Packages to be marked "A. C.S., Camp Dennison, Ohio;" also, with the contents, name and address of the seller. No charge for packages. The best quality, ja21. C. L. KILBURN, Major and C. S. Mess Beef, full weight, in barrels,

Army Stores.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED (PROM first hands and from crylases toyal to wra United Fratis Government on the lill M., 29th January, 1805, marked "Proposed to be opened with January," for the supply and deliver, free of all charges, at Camp Pennison, this, of such

all there, at Camp Dennison, thick of such
Sait Heef, in barrels,
Hard Bread, in barrels,
Hard Bread, in barrels,
Hard Bread, in barrels,
High Potatoes, in barrels,
Itish Potatoes, in barrels,
As may be required by the Assistant Commissary of
Subsistence, staticned there, from time to time, in
monthly scilveries. Said bloss when accepted, will
form the basis of a written contract, with two goed
sureties, and bond sufficient to indemnity the
limited States schinst less Said contract to take
effect on the 28th January, 1862, and boominue in
force until the 18th March, 1862, subject to the asproval of the Commissary General of Subsistence
Bids for the whole, or any one or more of the
above items, will be received. The stores to be of
the best quality, with actual tare. No charge for
packages, which must be marked "A. U. S., Camp
Jennison, Ohio;" also, with the name of the contractor and address.
Marked samples requested as far as practicable
with the bids.

Jalo

Army Stores.

PIDS WILL BE RECEIVED (FROM ermient of the United States only until 12 M., January 21, 182. "marked "Proposals to be opened January 21, 186." for

61,2:6 lbs. Bacon Sides, ribbed, clear ribbed or clear, in casks;
75,000 lbs. Baro Bread, in barrels, lined; And hashels fleans, in barrels, thoch are bushels fleans, in barrels, lined; (co) lbs. Elce, fast India or tarolina, in barrels; (co) lbs. Elco, fast India or tarolina, in barrels; (so lbs. Brown Sugar in barrels, lined; ble gallons Viorgar, in barrels, lined; are lbs. Sisr Caudes, in boxes; fall weight; (so lbs. Scap in boxes; so bushels salt, in barrels, lined.

6.000 lbs Scap in boxes;
23 bushes salt, in barrels, lined.

Cooperage must be of the best kind, and no charge for packages. All the above stores to be of the best quality, to be ready for delivery on the 25th January, 1863, and bills in detail must be rendered by or tedere that day. Certificates of inspection, signed by the authorized inspector, must accompany each bill. Actual tare required Packages to be marked with the contents, name and address of seller. Bids for part of the above stores received, which, for convenience, should be separate for different articles. The Beans and Salt to be in measured bushels (our 65 its and Salts respectively to a bushel). Marked samples requested, as far as practicable. The flard Beach must be thoroughly dried and cooled before racking.

Toilet Goods for the Holidays.

TOILET GOODS MAKEVERY DRAIR-BABLE Christmas and New Year's Presents, being Fancy, Useful and Ornamental. I have now a good assortment of every thing in the line:

Fine Handkerchief Perfumes; Oils and Pomatoms for the Hair; Satchels for Perfumery Drawers, &c.; Shell, Hern and Rubber Dressing-combe; Shell and Rubber Tuck Combs; Fine assortment of Pocket Cutlery and Scissors;

Tooth and Shaving-brushes; China Shaving-mugs; Hand mirrors; Shaving mirrors; Pocket-Books: Fine Toilet Soaps;

Fine Puff boxes,
And I expect to receive by Express to-day an anterment of Odor boxes and Gentlemen's Shaving

Manufacturer and Importer of Perfumery, 223 No 36 West Fourth-et. Ernest A. Erlandson, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT Nos. 50 Beaver street and 127 Pearl-street, NEW YORK.

CONSIGNMENTS OF GR NAN TEO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.-Application will be made to His Excellency, the Governor of Ohio, for the pardon of Jepson Bainbridge, sent-need to the Pontientary of this for the term of three years, for the crime of burg lary, by the Hon. A. G. W. Carter, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of said county, at the Judge term thereof. 1861.

Bosember 5, 1861.

BUTLER'S PERMIUM BLACKING-Butler's IXL Oil Blacking,

IN EARTHEN POTS. Factory, 39 Vine-street. T. S. BUTLER. Agent MILITARY GOODS!

SWORDS, RELTS, EPAULETTE SEASHES, GILT and BB SS BUTTONS, LACO. NO. 36 WEST FIFTH-STREET,

ASTROLOGY. Good News at Last THE NEVER-FAILING DR. RAPE

ALL WHO ARE IN TROUBLE: ALL WHO ARE IN TROUBLE:

All who have been unfortunate, all whose for bopes have been disappointed, crushed and blasteral who have been seduced by false promises at deceit, all who have been seduced by false promises at deceit, all she have been decrived and triffed with all go to him for advice and to get satisfaction. He makes your mistortunes pass away, he mak the slander and serve of your enomies fall harmless and he sustains your character and respectability in spite of evil reports and rumors. All who are doubt of the affection of those they lave commitme to relieve and satisfy their minds, and to fine out if their bright and warm hopes will be realized in 10 Ver AFFAHES HE NEVER FALLS. IN LOVE AFFAIRS HE NEVER FAILS,
He has the secret of winning the affections of it
opposite sex. He guides the single to a weathy an
happy marriage, and makes the married happ
His aid and advice have been acticited in insume
also instances and the result has always been
To make things more sure, he will show you is
theness of

He will tell you their circumstances and their interpresests; and, what is letter than all, he citell you their thoughts and what their "real" incitors are. What is better still, he can tell y if they will make you happy.

A SPEEDY AND HAPPY MARRIAGE. Dr. Raphael is, therefore, a sure dependance, To all in business his advice is fovaluable, can foreiell, with the greatest certaistr, the re of all commercial and brainess transactions speculations. Dr. Raphael interprets dram-lottery numbers with unfalling accuracy. MORE GOOD NEWS.

Dr. BAPHAEL will cast your herescope or wyour nativity. Every man through the length breath of the land, who has had been luck, who can not get on in the world, should be in session of his fioroscope and get Mr. Haphael's WRITTEN OPINION OF HIS FUTURE PF PEUTS IN LIFE.

It will guide you to wealth, connected and he thousands of good men who were unfortunate to successful in their business—men who were in the successful in their business—men who were fund, and who strugted against adversity and so I rhouse the greater part of their lives, and we found, the more things went against thous—the men set of the greater part of their lives, and would the more things went against thous—the men set of the greater part of the lives who wisely flowed it. haphael's written opinion unon the future prospects in life. All those who wisely flowed it. haphael's advice are now HICH, HAPPY AND SUCKSSFUL In all their undertakings while those who willided by prejudice and ignorance, neglected advices, are still laboring against adversity and perty. Be assured.

In all their undertakings, while those who wellided by prejudice and ignorance, neglected advice, are still inhering against adversity and perty. Be assured.

WEALTH, EMINENCE AND GOOD LUOR Are within the reach of all if you wish to rich and happy you will consult him also.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE AFFILIOTED.

He has the gift, and can tell the afflicted cause of their disease and suffering. He can tell whether they can be cured or not, thus as the afflicted both trouble and expense.

Consultations daily, Sundays excepted.

Office hours from 10 A. M. till 8 P. M. All interviews are strictly private and conficted.

All interviews are strictly private and conficted the strict of the stri

DR. RAPHARL,

DE. RAPHAEL,
The ASTROLOGKE easte NINETEENTH Cent
No. 59 East Fifth-street
Between Sycamore-st, and Broadway, Cinnin
ESF When you call, ask for The Door
it will prevent mistakes.
Price reduced to suit the times. Terms: Le
Fifty Cents; Gentleman, One Dollar,
Persons at a distance may communicate, CO;
DEMTIALLY, by ister, if they inclose One D
for consyltation fee.
Cautiful To the Public.—Dr. Eastes
Astrology, has no connection with Paor,
haphael, or with any other gentleman of the